

# GREATER AVAILABLE SURFACE AREA

## **Assures PEAK Production**

THE tremendous interior adsorptive surface available in a very small amount of Special Filtrol, due to its superior crystalline montmorillonite structure, enables you to treat more gallons of "regular run" or "hard to bleach" oils with less material, consequently smaller press cake soakage.

Depend on Filtrol's unvarying quality-its uniformity, cleanliness and purity - to help you treat more oils, - better - faster - and at lower cost.

#### FILTROL CORPORATION

General Offices: 634 S. Spring St., Los Angeles 14, Calif. Plants: Vernon, Calif. and Jackson, Miss.



Kitty Lus, Interstate Cotton Oil Refining company, Sherman, Texas

Edward P. Morris, American Home Products corporation, Jersey City, N. J. Frank Crawford Norris, Norris Mills, Ada, Okla.

George A. O'Hare, 7 Meadowbrook Village, Plainfield, N. J.

A. Q. Petersen, Southern Cotton Oil company, New Orleans, La.

Richard H. Ramsay, Brown company, Berlin, N. H.

Norman T. Ruebottom, W. C. Hardesty Company of Canada, Ltd., Toronto

Ernest E. Reich, Delta Chemical laboratory, New Orleans, La. Frank G. Ruckstuhl, Albert Verley and Company, Chicago, Ill.

Rudolf P. Seidl, Tobin Packing company, Fort Dodge, Iowa

Jackson E. Simpson, Office Quartermaster General, War de-partment, Washington, D. C.

Sidney L. Singer, Falk and Company, Carnegie, Pa. Clarence W. Sondern, White Laboratories, Inc., Newark, N. J. Arland L. Ward, National Cottonseed Products association, Dallas, Texas

Sam N. Welch, Girdler corporation, New York City Carl K. Wellenkamp, General Drug company, Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### **Corporation Associates**

Oil Mill Equipment company, 3440 W. Lake street, Chicago, Ill. Standard Margarine company, Inc.: attn. L. A. Carman, Indianapolis, Ind.

### Amendment to the By-Laws

N October 26, 1944, the following business was transacted at a special meeting of the membership of the American Oil Chemists' Society. H. S. Mitchell, a member of the Governing Board, presented the following resolution to the Society in meeting as a committee of the whole:

In accordance with the provisions of Article IX, Section (a) of the By-laws of the American Oil Chemists Society as amended through May 1, 1942, the following resolution proposing to amend the By-laws of the Amer-ican Oil Chemists' Society has been presented in writing to the Governing Board under date of August 22, 1944, and has been approved by written ballot by a majority of the members of the Board, and is now being presented by one of its members at a special meeting called for that purpose as announced on page 8 of the Sep-tember 1944, and on page 9 of the October 1944, issues of Oil & Soap.

The resolution is as follows:

It is moved that the words "JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN OIL CHEMISTS' SOCIETY" be substituted for the words "OIL & SOAP" wherever the latter occurs throughout the By-laws.

These substitutions are to be made in Article II, Section (a), paragraph 1; Article II, Section (b), paragraph 1; Article II, Section (c), paragraphs 1 and 2; Article II, Section (e), paragraph 1; Article VI, Section (a), paragraph 1; Article VI, Section (c), paragraph 3. The motion was seconded by J. J. Vollertsen and, after lengthy discussion and debate by the membership, was adopted by a teller vote of 44 to 32.

Following the adoption of the resolution to amend the By-laws in the aforesaid manner, a second resolution was offered from the floor by H. L. Roschen, chairman of the Journal Committee. It was moved by Mr. Roschen, seconded by Henry Odeen, that the effective date of the above-mentioned changes in the By-laws shall be January 1, 1946. The motion was carried by a large majority on a show of hands.

THE PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY recently transported 380 tons of chlorine by towboat from its plant at Natrium, W. Va., to Charleston, W. Va., discharging it into pipe lines of the Carbide and Carbon Chemicals corporation.